

GOVERNING INHERITANCE STATUTES AFTER THE ENTRY INTO FORCE OF EU SUCCESSION REGULATION



This Project is funded by the European Union's Justice Programme 2014-2020

INTERNATIONAL MIGRATION, KNOWLEDGE OF FOREIGN LAW AND REGULATING SUCCESSION

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HIGHLIGHTS

1.- The application of foreign law in EU succession regulation

2.- Knowledge of foreign law : interpretation and misinterpretation

3.- Information, counsel and proof of foreign law





1.- The application of foreign law in EU succession regulation





APPLICABLE LAW

- The habitual residence at the time of death except if the deceased was manifestly more closely connected with an another State (art. 21)
- Choice of Law : nationality (or one of the nationalities) at the time of making the choice or at the time of death (art. 22)





APPLICABLE THIRD STATE LAW

> Applicable Law

Any law specified by the Regulation shall be applied whether or not it is the law of a Member State.





Example

- An Englishman is habitually resident in France and his assets : bank accounts and buildings in England and France.
- He wants to have his succession governed by English Law.
- Solution : professio juris?





Problems

A professio juris will take effect on assets in France

Il will be necessary to consider the effect of this professio juris in England.







The application of the law of any third State shall mean the application its rules of renvoi (art. 34) ...

> to the law of a **Member State**

> to the law of **another third State which would** apply its own law.





Example

- A Swiss citizen habitually resident in Morocco dies leaving property in Switzerland, Morocco and France.
- The Moroccan rule refers to Swiss law, the national law of the deceased and Swiss law agrees to apply.
- The Moroccan, Swiss and French authorities will settle the succession in accordance with Swiss law





2.- Knowledge of foreign law :

Necessity Interpretation and misinterpretation





Knowledge of foreign law and professio juris

- Knowledge of diversity of national laws :
 - Professio juris to « British Law » : English and Welsh Law?... Northern Irland (Intestacy law)?
 - Professio juris to « Spanish Law » : civil spanish code, catalan civil law ... etc?
 - See art. 36 : internal conflict of laws regulation

internal conflict-of-laws rules

> or apply the law of the territorial unit with which the deceased had the closest connection





Knowledge of validity of professio juris

Art 22 : The substantive validity of the act **whereby the choice of law** was made shall be governed by the chosen law.

Art. 27 : A disposition of property upon death made in writing shall be valid as regards form **if its form complies** with the law of **nationality, domicile or habitual residence**





In most cases, the deacesed had consulted a lawyer in his State of habitual residence and he will draft the deed according to local laws :

...English law sets special capacity requirements in the case of a holographic will...

...In the State of Florida, a holograph will is not recognized even if it is valid under the law of the place where it was made unless it was made in the presence of witnesses...





Conclusion :

1.- It is necessary to verify the formal requirements in the State of which the deceased was a national as soon as there are assets to be included in his succession, otherwise the choice of law may remain ineffective in the deceased's State of origin....



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2.- If the authorities of a third State **do not know the professio juris**

.... the choice made by the deceased will have **no** effect!





Knowledge of foreign law and eviction of applicable Law

• Art. 30 : Special rules imposing restrictions concerning or affecting the succession in respect of certain assets « for economic, family or social consideration »

=> ex. in french law : preferential allotment for certain assets like companies or businesses located in France (Cass. Civ. 1ère, 10 oct. 2012)





Knowledge of foreign law and (mis)interpretations of EU regl.

• Trust : an Englishman residing in France establish a testamentary trust and... chooses English law to govern his real estate succession...

Trust as unknown institution :

- Recital 16 « this Regulation should provide for the adaptation of an unknown right in rem to the closest equivalent right in rem under the law of that other Member State.
- Problem of land registration legislation in France...





Appointed executor in a will

- In a will in english law, he/she has the estate administration
- But it can't be compared to the French executor because in english law he owns the property that is separate from his personal estate.

French notary has to ask a local lawyer the functions of the executor in English law?





3.- Information, counsel and proof of foreign law





Knowledge of foreign law by a professional (notary, Lawyer)

Documentary fund

• **Research center** (in France the CRIDON national and regional network for notaries)











- Document from a local lawyer who certifies the existence of a right, gives its content, and can even interpret it
- Legal opinion :

Assumptions

Factual and legal on the basis of which the legal opinion is issued are analysed





- Cooperation agreements
 - ⇒Cooperation agreements with professional organizations (National notary orders, Bars ...)
 - ⇒Mention fares and responsabilities in cross border cooperation

⇒French Notary Order signed 22 conventions of cooperation with Notaries Orders abroad





Knowledge of foreign law and responsabilities

- Duty to advise in the international context
- In case of **difficulties that make it impossible** to access the content of the foreign law, while the client claims its application, it will then be up to the client to provide proof of this...
- Professional responsability



